

QUESTIONS TO QUIZ #1

1. How long is your driver's license valid and when will it expire?
2. How long do you have to notify the DOL of a name or address change?
3. Can you lose your license for refusing to allow a police officer to test you for alcohol or drugs?
4. Name at least three things you must do before driving your vehicle.
5. Why must we maintain properly balanced tires and tire pressure.
6. What are the risks of worn tires?
7. Under what conditions can you legally use your car's horn?
8. When did front lap type seat belts become a requirement? Lap *and* shoulder belts?
9. What do you do if a traffic signal is not working?
10. Explain all the meanings of the various green lights.
11. Explain all the meanings of the various yellow lights.
12. Explain all the meanings of the various red lights.

ANSWERS TO QUIZ #1

1. Your license is valid for five years, expiring on your birthday.
2. Notify the DOL of name or address changes within ten days.
3. Yes.
4. Before driving, adjust the seat and mirrors, buckle seat belts (driver and all passengers), lock doors, check that you can maintain a clear view, secure items in and on the vehicle.
5. Unbalanced tires and low pressure cause faster tire wear, reduce fuel economy and make the vehicle harder to steer and stop.
6. Worn tires can cause hydroplaning and increase the chance of a flat tire. You need at least 2/32" of tread.
7. Only use your horn as a warning to others.
8. Front seat lap belts are required for all vehicles manufactured after January 1964.
9. Lap and shoulder belts (or a lap belt at all seating positions) are required for vehicles manufactured after January 1972.
10. If a traffic signal is not working come to a complete stop, then yield to traffic as if it were a four-way stop. Proceed only when you see it is safe or when directed by a traffic control person.
11. Green lights mean you can go through the intersection, yielding to emergency vehicles and allowing crossing traffic to clear the intersection. A green arrow means you can safely turn in the direction of the arrow, watching for pedestrians crossing in front of your vehicle or are within one lane of your half of the roadway.
12. A steady yellow light means the light is about to change to red. Stop if it is safe to do so. If you are already in the intersection when the light turns to yellow, continue through the intersection. A flashing yellow means the protection of the green arrow is ending. Slow down, prepare to stop and give the right of way to oncoming traffic before turning. A flashing yellow arrow means left turns are allowed but you must yield to oncoming traffic and pedestrians.
13. A steady red light, of course, means stop. If there is no sign prohibiting it, you may turn right after coming to a full stop if it is safe, always yielding to pedestrians. A flashing red light means the same as a stop sign, stop, then go when it is safe to do so. A red arrow means you must stop and cannot go in the direction of the arrow. However, you may turn right after coming to a full stop if it is safe and if there is no sign prohibiting the turn on the red arrow.